

Supplemental Table 1. Composition of Datasets

Locus Type	<i>S. cerevisiae</i> : <i>C. glabrata</i>			<i>S. cerevisiae</i> : <i>S. castellii</i>			<i>C. glabrata</i> : <i>S. castellii</i>			Dataset	
	2:2	2:1	1:2	2:2	2:1	1:2	2:2	2:1	1:2	Total	Name
YGOB Data	293	219	97	385	137	186	275	110	284	1986	Set 0
Synteny Filter PASS	204 (70%)	119 (54%)	41 (42%)	275 (71%)	70 (51%)	92 (50%)	161 (59%)	45 (41%)	125 (44%)	1132 (57%)	Set 1
<i>Gene Conversion</i>	52 (25%)	63 (53%)	19 (46%)	96 (35%)	20 (29%)	46 (50%)	55 (34%)	12 (27%)	76 (61%)	439 (39%)	GC
<i>Phylogeny != Synteny</i>	4 (2%)	-	-	0 (0%)	-	-	3 (2%)	-	-	7 (1%)	OPP
<i>Other</i>	12 (6%)	16 (13%)	9 (22%)	13 (5%)	15 (21%)	16 (17%)	12 (7%)	13 (29%)	20 (16%)	126 (11%)	OTH
Phylogeny Filter FAIL	68 (33%)	79 (66%)	28 (68%)	109 (40%)	35 (50%)	62 (67%)	70 (43%)	25 (56%)	96 (77%)	572 (51%)	
<i>Phylogeny == Synteny</i>	68 (33%)	40 (34%)	13 (32%)	100 (36%)	35 (50%)	30 (33%)	38 (24%)	20 (44%)	29 (23%)	373 (33%)	EQL
<i>Phylogeny ~= Synteny</i>	68 (33%)	-	-	66 (24%)	-	-	53 (33%)	-	-	187 (17%)	ONE
Phylogeny Filter PASS	136 (67%)	40 (34%)	13 (32%)	166 (60%)	35 (50%)	30 (33%)	91 (57%)	20 (44%)	29 (23%)	560 (49%)	Set 2
Significant Asymmetry	65 (48%)	20 (50%)	10 (77%)	62 (37%)	18 (51%)	17 (57%)	41 (45%)	13 (65%)	26 (90%)	272 (49%)	Set 3

Numbers indicate the number of data-points in each category. Percentages are expressed relative to the previous Set in the same column.

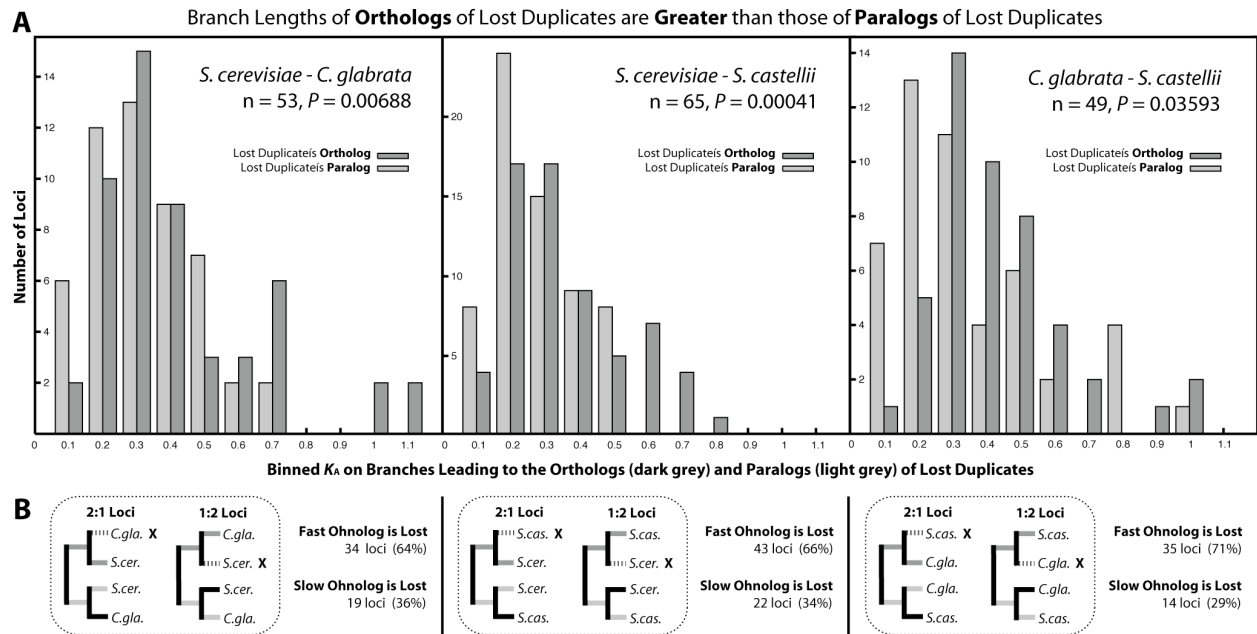
Supplemental Table 2. Consistency of Asymmetric Evolution across Species

(examining amino acid divergence on terminal branches at 2:2 loci from alternative datasets to that used Table 1A)

	<u><i>S. cerevisiae:</i></u> <u><i>C. glabrata</i></u>		<u><i>S. cerevisiae:</i></u> <u><i>S. castellii</i></u>		<u><i>C. glabrata:</i></u> <u><i>S. castellii</i></u>	
Supplemental Table 2A	All loci, including those with non-significant asymmetry (Set 2)					
Locus status^a	Loci	Percentage	Loci	Percentage	Loci	Percentage
Fast (sp. 1) is Fast (sp. 2)	105	77%	121	73%	69	76%
Fast (sp. 1) is Slow (sp. 2)	31	23%	45	27%	22	24%
Total Number of Loci	136	100%	166	100%	91	100%
	<i>P</i> = 4.78e-6		<i>P</i> = 2.75e-5		<i>P</i> = 3.87e-4	
Supplemental Table 2B	Only including loci with $R' > 1.25$ and $\Delta K_A > 0.1$ (Set 2 with cut-offs)					
Locus status^a	Loci	Percentage	Loci	Percentage	Loci	Percentage
Fast (sp. 1) is Fast (sp. 2)	45	33%	40	24%	34	37%
Fast (sp. 1) is Slow (sp. 2)	1	1%	5	3%	2	2%
Excluded Loci	90	66%	121	73%	55	60%
Total Number of Loci	136	100%	166	100%	91	100%
	<i>P</i> = 9.57e-8		<i>P</i> = 7.28e-5		<i>P</i> = 3.87e-5	
Supplemental Table 2C	Only including loci where synteny and phylogeny agree perfectly (Dataset "EQL")					
Locus status^a	Loci	Percentage	Loci	Percentage	Loci	Percentage
Fast (sp. 1) is Fast (sp. 2)	58	85%	74	74%	29	76%
Fast (sp. 1) is Slow (sp. 2)	10	15%	26	26%	9	24%
Total Number of Loci	68	100%	100	100%	38	100%
	<i>P</i> = 1.77e-5		<i>P</i> = 0.00076		<i>P</i> = 0.032	

P-values are from Fisher's Exact Two-Tail Tests against neutral expectation.

^a "Fast (sp. 1) is Fast (sp. 2)" means that the same ohnolog is the faster evolving one in both species. "Fast (sp. 1) is Slow (sp. 2)" means that the faster copy in one species is the slower evolving copy in the other. "Excluded Loci" are those that did not meet the cut-off criteria.



Supplemental Figure 1. Association across species of fast-evolving and lost ohnologs (Figure 5 analysis repeated on Set 2 dataset). See Figure 5 of main text for details.